GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Yesterday's Proceedings in the World's Con-

ference of the Y. M. C. Association. STOCKHOLM, Aug. 16 .- The World's Conference of the Young Men's Christian Association met at 9 o'clock this morning. The devotional services were conducted by Rev. E. Osterman, of Gotberg. At 10 o'clock the first regular tople of the convention, "What Does the Bible Say to the Young Men of Our Day?" was opened with two carefully-prepared papers by J. Herbert Trytton, of London, and Rev. T. Royf, of Geneva. Following this was the topic, "What Means Are Employed by the Associations for the Development of Their Active Members?" It was discussed in papers prepared by Count Bernstorff, of Berlin; D. A. Buge, of Montreal, and President Durrer, of Holland. Committees were then appointed, and till 3 o'clock the time was occupied in discussing the topics introduced during the morning session. Dinner was then served. At 5 o'clock a meeting was held, at which addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. Hoskins, of London; Rev. M. Fround, of Berlin; Bishop Shonsboe, of Corpenhagen, and Mr. Charles Fermand, of Geneva. The meeting closed at 7 o'clock.

Eviction Extraordinary.

DUBLIN, Aug. 16 .- A farmer named Somers and his family and friends resisted eviction to day. Two hundred police, armed with a battering ram, attacked the house was fortified with earthworks surrounded by trenches. After three hours' of hard fighting, an American gentleman, who was present among the spectators, offered to pay half of farmer Somers's rent if the police would cease their attack. This offer was, however, refused. The attack was resumed, and an unsuccessful battle was waged by the constables until 6 o'clock. The gable of the house caught fire. Mr. Redmond M. P., and Canon Doyle, who were present, then advised the defenders of the place to leave the burning building. This they did, and all who had been in the house were arrested.

Commerce Between Germany and Russia. BERLIN, Aug. 16.-The North-German Gazette, assailing the Moscow Gazette for its invidions comments on the rumor of a treaty of commerce between Russia and Germany, declares that the question of such a treaty has never yet been raised, and never will be raised. Freedom of action, which the Moscow Cazette urges Ruscroachments, is of the highest importance to Germany's economic policy, and hence Germany has no intention of impairing this liberty by a

commercial agreement with Russia.

The Unknown White Pasha. LONDON, Aug. 16.-A dispatch from Suakim to the Times says: "The reports concerning the presence of a white man in the Bahr el Ghazel district are confirmed. He is known as Abu Digna, and has a force of enormous strength, including a large number of half-naked men, probably from the Niam-Niam country. This is a strong point in favor of the idea that the white man is Stanley. The Khaliffa of Khartoum has sent a force of fifty-two hundred men against him. The Negus of Abyssinia has sworn to capture Khartoum, and the Khaliffa is

greatly alarmed." The Chess Tournament.

LONDON, Aug. 16.-In the chess tournament at Bradford Gunsberg has won twelve games, Mackenzie, Bardleben, Weiss and Mason nine each, and Blackburn eight. There are three rounds still to be played. It is expected that the six prizes will be awarded to the parties

Lupton Bey Dead. LONDON Aug. 16.-A dispatch from Suakim says: "The report that Lupton Bey died at Khartoum, of consumption, recently, is confirmed by an eye-witness of his funeral, which was conducted in public with Mohammedan cer-

A Twelve-Year-Old Girl's Feat. London, Aug. 16.-A young girl, twelve years of age, named Florence Morse, ascended Mont Blanc on Tuesday last. This excels all previous records of ascents of this mountain.

Condition of the Pope. ROME, Aug. 16.—The Pope continues unwell. The utmost secrecy prevails regarding his con-

Foreign Notes. Emperor William will visit King Humbert at Rome in October. His visit will last from the

15th to the 18th of that month. Advices from Cayenne, French Guiana, state that the business portion of that city has been destroyed by fire. The loss is \$2,000,000.

The Irish Catholic states, in reference to the conversion of Princess Christian to Roman Catholicism, that her reception into the church, which will occur shortly, will not be attended

by any elaborate ceremony. JUDGE HILTON VERY ANGRY.

He Proposes to Resent the Imputation That He Has Committed Fraud,

New York Special. The great fight for the millions of Alexander T. Stewart has developed an incidental reverse to Henry Hilton, the possessor of the lion's share of the estate. The widow Stewart, soon after her husband's death, transferred the entire dry goods business to Hilton for \$1,000,000, the same which had been devised him by Mr. Stewart, and for which million he thus purchased of the law suits now in course of litigation is an acbrought by Sarah N. Stewart, a niece of the late widow Stewart, and who, under the will of that lady, is entitled to one-fourth of the estate which she left. Sarah maintains that the ten to fifteen millions secured by Hilton in the manner described ought to have been included in the estate of which she is an heiress to a quarter. Her allegation, as set forth in the strongest English, in her complaint, is that Hilton obtained his enormous wealth from Mrs. Stewart by fraud, and she petitioned the Supreme Court to remove Hilton and Charles Clinch, the executors, on account of mismanagement. Several of the heirs were made codefendants with Hilton, and some of them, in their answers, also accused Hilton of having misappropriated some of the estate to his owa

Mr. Hilton was very angry over these charges and he has since devoted most of his lawyers' efforts to meeting and defeating this particular osslaught. But Judge O'Brien, in a special term of the Supreme Court, has now denied Hilton's motion to strike out the accusing portions of his co-defendant's answers. This does not sustain the allegation that Hilton has committed frand, however, but is a decision that the judge before whom the case is finally tried will be the proper person to settle the question. The effect of this is to leave Hilton under the imputation until next winter, or even longer, and he declares that he is not going to stand it. He meditates a separate lawsuit for damages against the persons who, he says, have maliciously defamed him. He makes no denial, according to his counsel, of the fact that Mrs. Stewart enriched him immensely, but he holds that she was a sensible dependent woman who did with her wealth what she chose. It happened that she preferred to make a gift to him of the Stewarz business. which was then inventoried by him at \$10,000,000 -not \$15,000,000 and he does not believe there is any legal reason on earth why he should give up any of it,

Pro-Chinese Senators.

San Francisco Chronicle.

We may just as well have the record on the anti-Chirese bill in the Senate understood now, while the matter is fresh in the minds of every one. The bill to render effectual the Chinese treaty recently negotiated and to stop the gaps which were found in it, passed the Senate by a vote of 40 yeas to 3 nays. The Senators who voted in the negative were Berry, of Arkansas; Coke, of Texas, and Jones, of Arkansas-all

three Democrats and all from the South. Of course they gave their votes in favor of Chinese immigration, because they are freetraders and want cheap labor, as well as cheap everything else. They are entirely consistentmore so, in fact, than other Democratic Senators who feel and think in the same way, but are afraid to follow their opinions to a natural sequence. These three Senators are really deserving of more praise for daring to express their opinions by their votes than are many of the free-trade Democrats who had not the cour-age to stand up for their convictions, for fear of injuring Cleveland's chances of re-election. An open, avowed enemy may be respected; a sneaking, bush-whacking guerrilla should neither expect nor receive any mercy. We know where these three Senators stand, and, although we know they are wrong, they will rank higher than those who voted for the bill only because ther did not dare to vote against it.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS will be contributed by persons interested in the

> The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

Sixteen-Year-Old Boy Caught in the Act of Burglary-The Reunion at Elkhart-Farmer Accidentally Killed-Gleanings.

INDIANA.

A Young Shelbyville Boy Detected in the Act of Committing Burglary.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal SHELBYVILLE, Aug. 16. -About 8 o'clock this evening William McClain, a commission merchant, discovered Robert Clark burglarizing his store, and stepping to the window on the side of the building, he fired at the young man, but did not hit him. Clark threw up his hands and begged for mercy. McClain placed him under arrest and took him before 'Squire Ellis. On two previous occasions his store had been broken open and robbed. Clark implicated in the robberies Frank W. DeWitt, who was arrested. Clark and DeWitt were bound over to the Circuit Court. For the past month a system of robbery has been carried on in this city, but the officers were not able to capture the thieves. Clark is sixteen and DeWitt eighteen years of age. They are members of respectable families.

The School Teachers.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal CENTREVILLE, Aug. 16.—The institute here was continued to-day, Mrs. Hailman's kindergarten class-work being of unusual interest. It is fast becoming one of the chief attractions. President Parsons gave the fourth lecture in his series on the "Science of Educa-tion." After a fifteen-minutes recess, Professor Sanders continued his geography work. While he was conducting this work, the primary teachers were with Mrs. Hailman in another room receiving instruction in paper folding.
In the afternoon President Parsons continued his talks on "The Mind," and Professor Sanders gave the fouth of his history lessons on "Slavery." President Parsons also gave a very scholary discussion of the drama of "Julius Cæsar." Among the visitors were Professor Dennis and wife and Superintendent Study, of

The lecture last night by Professor Parsons, on "The Ethics of Shakspeare, was one of the finest lectures ever delivered before a Wayne

county institute. CORYDON, Aug. 16.-The first annual contest of the Harrison County Teachers' Oratorical Association was held at this place last evening. J. H. McIntire received the highest honors; E. Murr, second, and Miss Florence Parker, third. The other contestants were Oscar Hor-

ner and L. M. O'Bannon. Rush County Old Settlers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal RUSHVILLE, Aug. 16.-The old settlers of Rush county held their annual meeting at the fair grounds to-day and were addressed by Drs. Sexton and Moffitt and the Hon. Geo. C. Clark. The present membership includes all who have resided in the county for more than fifty years, and numbers 902. Fifty-five deaths have occurred within the year. Fifty-eight are octogenarians. Twelve are living on the same tract of land that was entered by them in the twen-

Farmer Accidentally Killed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journa. VINCENNES, Aug. 16 .- Five miles east of this city, this evening, a young man twenty-three years old, and a prominent farmer, Newton Ridgeley, accidentally blow his brains out. He was placing a rifle behind a door, when it was discharged. The ball entered above his left eye and passed entirely through his head.

Minor Notes.

A new driving park will be dedicated and opened for business at Worthington, on Satur-William Huff, an employe in the Dark Hollow

stone-quarry, at Bedford, was killed, Wednesday, by a stone breaking and falling on him. crushing his legs and the lower part of his body. On Wednesday, at Union City, Isaac Fulks, a night employe at the excelsior factory, was caught in a belt and driven over a line shaft, mangling his right arm and breaking all the ribs on his right side. He cannot recover.

The dwelling-house of Dennis Egan, postmaster at Liberty, Union county, was burned on Wednesday. Mrs. Egan was severely burned about the face and hands. Nothing was saved; no insurance. Mr. Egan's home was outside the town some two miles.

George Panier, a farmer living near Clarktown, south of Columbus, recently lost a considerable sum of money in a peculiar manner. He sold his wheat for \$305, and then went home and placed the money in a straw-bed, without telling his wife. The enterprising woman burned up the straw and the money with it, and refilled the bed with clean straw.

Kamamuke, a celebrated Cherokee Indian, who is at Wabash with a band of Indians, on Wednesday celebrated his sixty-first birthday. The event is only celebrated once in five years, and is an important event with the Cherokees. Kamamuke gave an oration in his native tongue. after which he was given some fine presents, and the band indulged in a big pow-wow.

ILLINOIS.

Cullings from Correspondence and Gleanings from Exchanges. Over twenty head of cattle have died at Braidwood within a few days of Texas fever. Peter Stevens, a pioneer farmer of Wayne.

was thrown from his carriage by the sudden arting of the horses, and instantly killed. Mrs. Emma Dickinson died near Catlin. Wednesday, at the age of sixty-five. She was one of the early settlers of Vermillion county. Jacob Custer, a farmer living near St. Joseph shot and killed himself Tuesday night. He was

Democratic managers at Litchfield tried to bribe or fool colored voters into signing a set of resolutions indorsing General Palmer and pledging him their support, but the scheme sig-

to have been married to his housekeeper in two

In a fight at a platform dance at Southtown, Wednesday night, Joe Weddle was seriously and probably fatally injured by being hit on the head with a pair of knuckles by Sam Clos, who is still at large.

The Rev. T. J. Cooper, of Aurora, who, while insane, made an attempt to commit suicide two weeks ago, escaped from his attendant early Wednesday morning, burned down his house and hanged himself.

Two barns near Pingree belonging to Clarence Church, were struck by lightning Wednesday morning. Both structures, together with their contents, were destroyed, causing a loss of \$3,-000. They were partly insured.

Old Tip Waddill, aged eighty-tour, and young Tip, a grandson, have donated the logs for a typical 1840 cabin which will soon be built in Mattoon for campaign use, and embellished with the coon skins and other appropriate emblems.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Anderson Business Houses Burned, the Losses Amounting to About \$20,000. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Aug. 16 .- At about 4 o'clock this

morning fire broke out in the old Adams Block. on the northwest corner of the public square, in this city. The block was a two-story structure, and the fire originated on the second floor. The first floor was occupied by business houses, and the second was fitted up into rooms and sleeping apartments, all of which were filled with sleeping inmates. Considerable trouble was experienced in arousing these people and getting them out of danger, the flames made very rapid prog-notwithstanding the splendid work done by the firemen. In the corner room of the second floor, fronting on Anderson street, was Judge Lake's law office. Next to him was office of William Roach, justice of the peace, and the next room was occupied by Purcell & Ehli, cigar manufacturers. The entire second story was burned away and there was nothing saved from the flames. On the first floor were Pat Skehan's grocery, West & Carpenter's barber shop, Mrs. S. J. Smith's dress-making establishment, Hadley & Co., druggists, and J. L. Bell, jeweler. Their stock is all badly damaged from water. The building was owned by Capt. Fred Tykle,

One building, \$7,000; insured in the Home Asspeiation of New York, for \$3,000; Liverpool, London and Globe, \$1,500; Phœnix, \$1,000; Guardian, \$1,500. Pat Skehan, \$11,500; insured as follows: Fire Association, of Philadelphia. \$2,-000; Queen, \$2,000; Commercial Union, \$2,500;

of Middletown, and the losses are about as fol-

Hartford, \$3,000; North American, \$2,000. Hadley & Co., loss, \$2,500; insured in the North American, \$1,250; Pennsylvania Fire, \$1,250. Purcell & Ebli were insured to the amount of \$500 in the Hartford, which will cover their loss. Mrs. Smith has \$1,000 in the Glenns Falls, and Richard Lake \$300 on law library in the Franklin of Indiana.

Disastrous Bush Fires. KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 16.-Bush fires have been raging fiercely in the townships of Clarendon, Lavant, Canonti and Oso, and have already done damage to the extent of nearly \$500,000. The whole section has been devastated and many settlers have lost everything they pos-sessed. Communication is cut off, as the bridges and corduroy roads have been burned or rendered impassible by fallen trees. The Ontario government will be appealed to for aid.

Other Fires.

SHELBYVILLE, Aug. 16 .- The residence of Mr. Robert S. Wells, at Marion, four miles north of this city, caught fire at 1:30 this morning, from a defective flue, and was destroyed with most of the house-hold goods. The fire originated from a defective flue. Mr. Wells and wife barely escaped from the house in time to save being burned. Loss, \$2,000; insurance, \$1,400 in the Ohio Farmer's.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 15 .- T. B. Walker's lumber-mill, at Grand Forks, Dak., burned to-day. It was valued at \$50,000 and was insured for

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Correcting the Military Records of Indiana Soldiers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 .- The Secretary of War has issued orders correcting the military records of Indiana soldiers as follows:

The discharge of Second Lieutenant Adolphus H. Booher, Company I, Seventy third Indi-ana Infantry Volunteers, May 13, 1864, and his muster into service as first lieutenant, same company and regiment, May 14, 1864, by Paragraph 2, special orders, No. 256, series of 1887 headquarters of the army. Adjutant-general's Office, are amended to take effect April 14, 1864 and April 15, 1864, respectively, and he is mustered for pay in the advanced grade during the period embraced between the aforesaid dates. The discharge of First Sergeaut Yates McElroy, Company A, One-hundred-and-forty-fifth Indiana Infantry Volunteers, Jan. 21, 1866, is amended to take effect Jan. 4, 1866; he is mustered into service as second lieutenant, same

company and regiment, to date Jan. 5, 1866; mustered out and honorably discharged as second lieutenant Jan. 21, 1866, and he is mustered for pay in said grade during the period embraced between the aforesaid dates. The discharge of Second Lieutenant A. C. fifth Indiana Infantry Volunteers, Jan. 21, 1866, is amended to take effect Jan. 4, 1866; he is mustered into service as first lieutenant, same com-

pany and regiment, to date Jan. 5, 1866; mustered out and honorably discharged as first lieu-tenant Jan. 21, 1866, and he is mustered for pay in said grade during the period embraced between the aforesaid dates.

Indiana Pensions. Pensions have been granted the following-

smed Indianians: Original Invalid-(Navy) F. Woodmansee, Washington; (special act, nurse) J. Bryan, Goshen; J. Coppersmith, Oaklandon; J. Coltee, New Carlisle; J. Seaton, Miffing; R. Richardson, Salem; J. Lynch, Leavenworth; A. Collins, Dana; R. Robbins, Providence; J. Reed, Greensburg; W. Bennett, Arcadia; F. Duncan, Russiaville; M. Faust, Whitesville; E. Beals, Fairmount; D. Gerrard, Crawfordsville; W. Elwell, Fontanet; J. Whitson, Salem; W. Aldridge, Mil roy; T. Atwood, Roann; W. Jones, Columbus; J. Emrich, Indianapolis; S. Jarvis, Miligan; W Wise, Coatesville; A. Swango, Braggstown; J. Swank, Crawfordsville; J. Slack, Cerro Gordo; A. Schultz, Indianapolis; J. Kroft, Silver Lake, W. Nevils, Lake Gage; E. Buckley, New Al bany; C. Gardner, Wabash; S. Van Pelt, Ander-

Increase-S. Meeker, Tipton; J. Cooper, Rigdon; J. Wright, Benham's store; W. England, Little York; J. McMahon, Spencer; T. Smith, Stinesville; J. Payne, Comersville; L. Coffman, Attica; E. Stevens, Versailles; B. Crafton, Smithville; G. Linton, Grantsburg; M. Rucker, Fort Wayne; J. Morford, Freelandsville; L. Thorp, Grandview; C. Newkirk, Bennington; B. Scanlon, Knightsville; J. Bley, Trenton.
Reissue-J. Neegley, Malott Park; W. Price,
Wolf Lake; E. Skelton, Gentryville. Reissue and Increase-W. Edson, Greenastle; N. Moore, Shelbyville,

Original Widows, Etc.-Minors of H. Robinson, Richmond; J., widow of A. Harris, Seymour; J., widow of J. Rose, Ireland.

Cleveland's Cowardice.

Washington Special. There was a great deal of comment about the Capitol to-day upon the President's treatment of the river and harbor bill. Most of the Congressmen were glad the bill got through the White House, even by the side door, for most of them have an appropriation in it for some home im provement. But the weakness of the President's attempt to dodge his responsibility was the subject of general remark. To let a bill be come a law by refusing to veto it, of course, amounts to the same thing as signing it. It would not have taken another dollar of the publie money out of the Treasuary if he had signed it. Every creek which is to be the scene of a political improvement to make it navigable to Washington for Congressmen who want to be re-elected will get its appropriation just the

The President saves nothing but the ink it would have taken to sign his name, and he loses in the opinion of everybody that talked about it to-day the remains of the great reputation for courage which his partisans have expended so much wind to build for him. Lacking the courage to either veto it or sign it, he simply ab-dicated his office and resigned his prerogative with regard to the bill, as a Congressman with no special reputation for courage dodges a vote.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

At Lowville. N. Y., yesterday, during the races, George Supple, of Rome, was kicked to death by the horse Harry Parker. Edward Hanlon, ir., the young son of Hanlon, the Toronto oarsman, while playing with match

es, Wednesday night, set fire to his clothing and was burned to death. In a saloon row in South Halstead street, Chicago, yesterday, James Henneberry, a lumbershover, drew a knife and cut the throat of Patrick Banks, a bartender. Banks died from the effects of the wound in a few minutes.

At the meeting of the directors of the Boston & Sandwich Glass Company, held on Thursday, it was voted to discontinue the manufacture of glass, and to dispose of the stock of materials and manufactured goods now on hand.

Adolph Harman, a German employed as a clerk n Moreford, Brown & Co.'s store at Long Branch, tried to shoot Mrs. Hayes, his motherin-law, and then killed his wife and himself at the Highlands of Navesink, in the woods back of the Twin light-house.

James Scanlon, of Minneapolis, a bartender, was shot and instantly killed, on Thursday, by a woman known as Pearl Wilson, who has been living with him for some time. The woman afterward shot herself, inflicting fatal injuries. Jealousy is supposed to have been the trouble. Mrs. F. M. Allamende, aged forty-two, who,

with her daughter and son-in-law, Charles Van Overberke, had lived in Louisville a short time, committed suicide yesterday by shooting herself through the head. She was in ill health and suffering from the shock caused by her husband's death, last March. The family were well supplied with money, came from St. Louis. and were soon to have returned.

Wisconsin Anti-Prohibitionists.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 16 .- The annual convention of the Wisconsin Anti-prohibition Soniety is in session here, with about two hundred whisky-dealers present. The society's mission is to defend the liquor interests by securing laws favorable to them. Its present membership exseeds four thousand men, who are vitally interested in the freedom of the liquor traffic. Ex-Congressman Duester, of Milwankee, is president, and in responding to an address of welcome declared that the fact that prohibition States received just as many federal licenses now as before prohibitory laws were enacted in them was positive proof that prohibition does not prohibit. He closed by advocating the elevating of the moral standard of the liquor business by allowing good men to engage in it.

The Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16. - Surgeon-general Hamilton to-night received the following dispatch from Dr. Neal Mitchell, president of the Jacksonville Board of Health:

"No need of rations. Private contributions sufficient. Only two tickets for the refuge station sold to-day. The official report for the last twenty-four hours, ending at 6 P. M., shows no new cases, no deaths, and three recoveries; under treatment, 20; total number of cases to date, 28; total deaths, 4."

SCROFULA cannot resist the purifying powers of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Sold by druggista.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

Successful Meeting of Colored Men-Senatorial and Judicial Conventions.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Ind., Aug. 16 .- A monster meeting of the colored Republicans of Knox and Daviess counties was held at Wheatland, yesterday. The meeting was addressed by Judge W. R. Gardiner, of this city; Capt. J. H. Wilton, of Knox, and James Brewer, a talented young colored man. The meeting was a most successful and enthusiastic one.

The senatorial and judicial conventions of the Republicans of Martin and Daviess counties were held here yesterday afternoon. George W. Alford, of this city, was nominated for Senator, and H. G. Houghton, of Shoais, for prosecutor. The nominations are excellent, and is confidently hoped that they be successful, in spite of Democratic majority. The Democratic candidates are band-in-glove with the saloons, are notoriously incompetent, and in this district there is a strong feeling that the saloon influence, at all hazards, must be kept out of politics.

Montgomery County Matters.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal CRAWFORDSVILLE, Aug. 16. - A large addition is being built to the Montgomery county poorhouse, and the old building remodeled to be used for the male department. The plans have been in the hands of the State Board of Health, and to-day a letter was received by Dr. J. N. Tayle from Dr. C. N. Metcalf, secretary, informing him that the recommendations of the board were adopted. Work will begin at once.

The New Ross fair is in progress this week,

and all the departments are larger than ever before. The exhibition of cattle and horses is especially fine, there being three herds of shorthorn cattle on the ground. The races did not attract many fast horses, on account of the small premiums, but still there were numerous entries and the contests were good.

First Voters' Club at Attica.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. ATTICA, Ind. Aug. 16.—A first voters' Republican club was organized in this city last night, with thirty-three members, which will be nearly doubled before the close of the campaign. Officers were elected as follows: President, Hite Newlin: first vice-president, Austin T. Quick; second vice-president, George Stafford; secretary, Alfred L. Linn: assistant secretary, Ed Counell; treasurer, Martin A. Lindburg; sergeant-at-arms, Martin Munson; captain, Fred Martin; assistant captain, W. B. Schermerhorn. Their badge will be a shield with the inscription "First Voters' Lincoln League," supplemented with the names of Harrison and Morton. The young voters are very enthusiastic, and their oranization will be a great aid to the Repu cause in this vicinity.

National Convention of Greenbackers. WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—George O. Jones, chairman of the national committee of the national Greenback party, has issued a call for a national convention of the party to meet at Cincinnati, Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1888, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-president of the United States, and "to take such further action as may be deemed necessary to preserve the name and organization, and to keep before the people the great principles on which that party was originally founded." The call states that "the chief reason for calling the convention at Cincinnati is that all railroads will sell tickets to that city and return at

about half rates during the continuance of the centennial exhibition, which lasts until Decem-How a Democrat Electioneers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal * RUSHVILLE, Aug 16 .- E. E. Griffith, the candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction on the Democratic ticket, took advantage of the opportunity this morning, while addressing the teachers' institute at this place, to appeal to the teachers for their influence and supsaying that he was making fight on non-partisan grounds; but Rush county teachers are not to be led by a ring in the nose, and will exercise their own judgment when voting time comes, and those that desire to vote for Mr. Griffith will do so because he is a Democrat and on their ticket. Griffith is evidently making the fight on his good looks, as he has been known to use his card accompanied by his photograph.

Republican Activity in Montgomery County. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Aug. 16 .- Harrison and Morton clubs are still being formed in Montgomery county. On Wednesday evening one was organized at Hunt's school-house with forty five members. The meeting was addressed by Hon. P. S. Kennedy and W. W. Thornton. On Saturday afternoon Hon. M. D. White is to speak at this place and a 100-foot ash pole will be raised. Next week clubs will be organized at Waveland, New Ross and Darlington. On Tuesday evening Hon. M. D. White will address

the club at Crawfordsville. F. B. Httchcock at Bryantsville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

BEDFORD, Ind., Aug. 16 .- The Republican campaign was opened at Bryantville last night by F. B. Hitchcock, of Bedford, addressing a large audience. Huron sent a delegation with a band and glee club. The citizens of Huron have erected a wigwam seating 1,000 people, and have elegantly uniformed the band and glee club. Democratic members of the band, unable to stand its political intensity, have withdrawn, but ladies immediately volunteered to fill the vacancies. The Republicans of Spice Valley are also very active.

Another Club in Shelby.

special to the Indianapolis Joprnat. SHELBYVILLE, Aug. 16.—The Republicans of Washington township have organized a Harrison and Morton club, with the following officers: President, Nate Stafford: vice-president, Alvin Moore; secretary Elijah Jackson, treasurer, Sid Conger. The club has over 100 members and will make it a point to materially increase the majority in that township in November. The meeting was addressed by Judge T. B. Adams on the tariff.

The Reunion at Elkhart Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, Aug. 16.—This has been the second day of the annual reunion of the soldiers and sailors of northern Indiana and southern Michigan. The occasion is rated a grand success. A parade of soldiers, sailors, batteries, etc. comprising about 1,000 men, was given. Gen. W. H. Gibson, of Tiffin, O., made a rousing address. Soldiers are coming in on every train. To-morrow, the closing day, will be a grand one. The city is turned over to the soldiers. A sham battle will be given to-morrow.

The Candidates for Governor. Special to the Indiana, otis Journal. WASHINGTON, Aug. 16. -It has been practi-

cally arranged between Gen. C. Hovey and Col. Matson that they will pair about Sept. 1, and go to Indianapolis to enter the campaign. Colonel Matson wanted to go at the end of the week, but General Hovey's proposition that they postpone departure a couple of weeks longer, pair, and go to Indianapolis together has been accepted. Ezra Eston's Politics.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PALESTINE, Ind., Aug. 16.-The statement in a Democratic paper that Ezra Eaton, of this place, had declared for Cleveland is entirely baseless. Mr. Eaton has made no such statement, and is this year, if possible, a stronger believer in Republican doctrines than ever be-

For Congress, CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 16 .- The dead-lock in the Twentieth district in the Republican congressional convention was broken to-day by the nomination of M. L. Smyser, of Wooster, on the 153d ballot.

SOMETHING ALL WOMEN MAY COVET. A Model Kitchen That Cost Littie, but Is a Marvel of Convenience.

New York Mall and Express. Here is a unique kitchen worthy of description: It is not large, having been built to fit a very little woman. The pantry is to the rear of it, the dining-room to the right, the hall in front and all out-doors to the left, though it stands on a narrow city lot. The kitchen projects beyond the hall, giving room for a door in front, and there is a second door in the rear leading to back porch and garden. The range chimney stands against the outer wall, and from door to door in summer the breeze blows perpetually past it. There are windows according to circumstances, some high, some low, some big, some little, some in the upper panels of the

The temple of the household gods is finished

not an inch of plaster appears. Ceiling, walls and floor are all of delightfully polished yellow pine. The casings of doors and windows are lat for ease of washing, and all the joints are as tight as tight can be. The work was done slowly and ca efully under the supervision of the presiding genius. While the wood-work, perfectly plain, as befits a kitchen, makes a really beautiful apartment, the veinings of the wood, the rich coloring and the lingering forest odor suggests pleasant thoughts and typify the home refinement of the lady who joyfully gives bread to her house rather than the drudgery of

mental toil so often put forward in its place. The laundry tubs and sink are of solid white porcelain. But the wonderful economies of space, and numerous step-saving devices are the features of the place. There are slides from the pantry to the dining-room sideboard. There are shelves in the triangular space over the cellar stairs. There is a table which pulls out of nowhere, just opposite the range, and van-isbes into thin air when the cooking is done. There are flour bins which swing out into the room when wanted and push in flush with the wall again. When the mistress of the establishment wishes to put anything "down cellar." she doesn't go down herself, though the stairs are of gentle slope and easy of access. She touches a mysterious lever with her hand or foot and up comes a section of the kitchen floor, bringing with it a series of shelves. Disposing the various articles thereon, she reverses the lever and down goes the whole thing. The floor is as solid as ever, and the shelves are hanging in the dry, cool air of the celiar.

Costly? Not at all. Economy and convenience were the prime considerations. The house was built by an artist who planned first the kitchen-his wife's workshop-then the studio
-his own-and let the rest of the house group itee!f round these two. The kitchen cost no more in money than the most dingy type of city basement, and its owners call it worth all that it cost of ingenuity.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16. For Indiana and Illinois-Rain and local storms, clearing on Friday in northern portion; generally cooler; winds becoming northerly. For Ohio-Rain and local storms; generally

cooler; winds becoming variable. For Lower Michigan-Clearing on Friday; cooler, except nearly stationary temperature in west portions; winds becoming northwesterly. For Wisconsin-Fair, preceded in eastern por-tions by local rains; cooler; winds generally

northwesterly. Local Weather Report. INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather | Prec 7 A. M... 30.09 76 70 2 P. M... 30.05 75 86 7 P. M... 29.96 72 95 Swest H'y rain. S'east L't rain. .36 Maximum thermometer, 87; minimum thermome-

Following is a comparative statement of the condition of temperature and precipitation on Aug. 16 Normal.... Mean. 74
Departure from normal 1
Total excess or deficiency since Aug.1 -14 Total excess or deficiency since Jan. 1-522 General Observations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16, 7 P. M. ter. Exp. | Max | Min. tat'n 84 96 66 Clear.
78 78 68 Cloudy
80 88 68 T Fair.
84 94 74 T Cloudy
82 94 76 Cloudy
78 92 74 Cloudy
84 94 74 Clear.
82 94 72 .02 Fair.
82 92 70 Clear.
82 88 76 Clear.
82 88 76 Clear.
88 88 74 .10 Clear.
Cloudy New York city... 30.00
Buffalo, N. Y... 29.90
Oswego, N. Y... 29.90
Philadelphia, Pa. 30.04
Pittsburg, Pa. 29.98
Parkersb'g, W.Va 30.00
Washington, D.C. 30.06
Lynchburg, Va... 30.10
Charlotte, N. C... 30.14
Charleston, S. C... 30.20
Atlanta Ga... 30.14 Atlanta, Ga..... 30.14
Jacksonville, Fla... 30.14
Titusville, Fla.... 30.12
Pensacola, Fla.... 30.06 76 Cloudy 74 .32 Fair. 72 .74 Cloudy 74 .66 Fair. Montgomery, Ala 30 10
Vicksburg, Miss. 30.00
New Orleans, La. 30.04
Shreveport, La. 30.00
Fort Smith, Ark. 29.92
Little Rock, Ark. 29.98 70 .14 Fair. 72 Cloudy 78 1.18 Fair. 74 T Clear. 76 Clear. Galveston, Tex. 29.94 Palestine, Tex. 29.96 Abilene, Tex. 29.84 Ft. Elliott, Tex... 29.88 San Antonio, Tex 29.88 Brownsville, Tex. 29.90 El Paso, Tex.... 29.72 66 .04 Cloudy 74 Fair. 70 Fair. 66 Clear. 70 .24 Cloudy 68 .01 Cloudy 72 .04 Cloudy 74 .04 Rain. 72 .36 Rain. 76 .42 Cloudy 76 Cloudy Ft. Davis, Tex... 29.82 Chattan'oga, Tenn 30.10 Memphis, Tenn... 30.00 Nashville, Tenn... 30.00 Louisville, Ky... 29.98 Indianapolis, Ind 29.96 Cincinnati, O.... 30.00

.22 Rain. 56 T Cloudy 46 Fair. 60 1.06 Cloudy 56 T Clear.
74 Cloudy
72 .64 Cloudy
70 Fair.
64 .16 Cloudy
64 Clear. Chicago, Ill...... 29.90 Cairo, Ill....... 29.94 60 Fair. 58 Fair. 52 Clear. 50 Clear. 72 .02 Cloud. 70 .08 Clear. 72 Fair. T Clear. 70 70. T Cloud Ft. Sill, Ind. T... 29.88
Dodge City, Kan. 30.02
Witchita, Kan. 29.98
Concordia, Kan. 29.98
Omeha, Neb. 30.02
North Platte, Neb. 30.04
Valentine, Neb. 30.04
Yankton, D. T... 30.00
Ft. Sully, D. T... 30.02
Bismarck, D. T... 30.12
Rapid City, D. T. 30.12
Rapid City, D. T. 30.00
Ft. Buford, D. T. 30.02 62 .04 Fair. 70 .04 Cloudy 66 ... Clear. 56 ... Clear. 54 ... Clear. 54 Clear. 52 T Clear. 52 Fair. 52 Clear.

Qu'Apelle, N.W.T 30.10 54
Ft. As nab ne, M.T 30.14 68
Ft. Custer, M. T. 30.08 68
Helena, M. T. 30.08 66
Boise City, I. T. 29.82 78
Cheyenne, Wy. T. 30.12 58
Ft. Washakie, Wy 30.14 58 68 70 78 Montrose, Col. ... | 29.92

Santa Fe, N. M. | 29.88

Min'edosa, N.W.T 30.02

44 Clear.
44 Clear.
52 T Cloudy
50 .08 Cloudy
46 .10 Cloudy
56 .22 Rain.
54 .08 Rain.
48 .16 Clear.
54 Fair.
70 Clear. Salt Lake City.... 29.82 T-Trace of precipitation

T Clear.

46 T Clear. 36 Clear. 52 .04 Clear.

A Physician Uses His Case to Give the Public a Few Elementary Facts in Physiology. New York Mail and Express. "Why did Sheridan die!" repeated the medical

examiner of a large insurance company after a

WHY GENERAL SHERIDAN DIED.

reporter yesterday.
"To understand the cause of General Sheridan's death it is necessary to know something of the structure and functions of the heart and the other organs of circulation. The heart may be roughly compared to a ball syringe, in which the compression of the rubber ball sends a current through the tube at one side, while its expansion admits a fresh current through the tube at the other side. Thus the muscular contraction of the heart sends the blood pulsating through the arteries which ramify in every part of the body, to return again through the veins to the heart. But the blood, as it comes back to the heart, is not fit to be sent out again until it has been purified by contact with the air in the lungs, and, therefore, the heart is a double instrument to carry on this double circulation, its

two halves having no direct connection. "The blood returning through the veins is emptied into the right auricle or upper chamber of the heart, whence it passes through a three-leafed valve, called tricuspid, into the right ventricle, or principal chamber.. When the heart contracts the valve closes, and the blood is forced through the pulmonary artery into the lungs. The arteries ramify minutely all over the air cells of the lungs, which are something like a sponge, and this exposure to the air puri-fies the blood. It returns through the small veins, which gradually unite into one large vein, and through this the fresh blood enters the left anricle of the heart. From this it passes into the left ventricle, the passage being guarded by a large valve called the mitral, bebouse its form resembles a bishop's mitre, and the next pulsation sends it through the arota, the main trunk of all the arteries, out into the general circula-

"The mouth of each of the large vessels enteriog or leaving the heart is also guarded by a valve, but the two great valves are the tricuspid and the mitral. Like all valves, their office is to allow free passage in one direction only. It will be easily understood that if any of these valves be out of order the heart will do its work imperfectly and the circulation will become irregular. The valves are liable to structural changes. Sometimes a little clot will form upon one of them by the congulation of fibrine from the blood constantly flowing past, and in other ways they may become so affected that they either obstruct the circulation or fail to prevent a backward flow. Suppose that the mitral valve loss not shut close when the heart contracts. Instead of the current of blood flowing evenly into the arteries, a part of it will be forced back into entirely in wood, for methetic reason quite as the arteries, a part of it will be forced back into much as utilitarian. Wood finish means that the suriele or vestibule of the heart, chesking



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the flow of fresh blood from the lunes and causing a congestion of those organs. This is what happened in General Sheridan's case.

"Of course any such fault in the valves makes the action of the heart irregular; its muscular strength is impaired, and sometimes its walls become dilated and flabby, and thus the irregula larity of action is increased, and the heart even is liable to fail in its action sltogether. Gen. Sheridan was subject to these attacks of heart failure, the result of the enfeebled condition of the heart itself. But the trouble is not confined to the heart alone. If it does not work evenly the whole circulation becomes deranged. The congestion in the lungs causes a backing up, so to speak, of the blood in the veins, and the two great internal organs which, in addition to the lungs, are concerned in the purification of the blood-the liver and the kidneys-will also be-

come congested and diseased. "It is also plain that the converse of this would be true, and that a disturbance of the liver and kidneys, impeding the free passage of the blood, will likewise disturb the general circulation, and by laying additional effort upon the heart lead to or increase the disease of that organ. As a matter of fact, disease of the heart sociated, so that it is sometimes questionable which is antecedent and which is consequent. This question need not detain us now. In Gen. Sheridan's case the kidneys are known to have been very seriously disordered, and it is probable that his liver also was in a state that made the portal circulation irregular and increased the difficulties of the heart.

"When the circulation is impeded from any of these causes, and the blood dammed up, as it were, in the capillaries, the watery part of the blood often exudes into the tissues, producing cedema or dropsy. It will be understood from what has been said that dropsy may result from disease of the heart or disease of the kidneys, or both. General Sheridan does not seem to have suffered much from general dropsy, though some swelling of the extremities was reported but on more than one occasion there was severe cedema of the lungs.

"General Sheridan's condition was so bad when he first recognized his own danger that the hopes of his actual recovery bave never been great, though Lit was always possible to hope that his life might be prolonged by extreme care and watchfulness for an indefinite time. This was no more than a hope, but it was one to which it was the duty of the physicians to eling, though they never ceased to regard him as in imminent danger. Even had he survived the summer and advanced a little further in general strength, he still would have been const-ntly in the presence of death, and it is almost certain that sooner or later death would have claimed him in this same sudden way."

ONE MAN'S SIN AND FOLLY.

A Tragedy That Left a Village Uninhabited and an Iron Furnace Unlighted. Lancaster (Pa.) Special.

In one of the most romantic spots in the valley of the Lycoming creek is a ruined village, a crumbling iron furnace, a sunken iron mine and a gas-choked, abandoned coal mine. They were built over thirty years ago, at a cost of many thousand dollars. The workmen who were to dwell in the cottages were ready to move into them, and the furnace was in readiness to put in blast, but a bloody tragedy, the result of a rich man's sin and folly, destroyed all the hopes that were centered in the place, and desolation and ruin claimed it for their own. The story of that strange village is now recalled by the report that outside capitalists intend to purchase the property and probably restore it.

The name of the village is Cartersville. It

lies among the mountains not far from Fanny Davenport's and Frank Mayo's picturesque villa at Carter. It was built by Richard Carter, a man who came to this country a common Cornish miner and rose to be a leading financier and iron master. When he built Cartersville and the furnace he was president of the old Anthracite Bank at Tamaqua, Schuylkill county. He stood high in all the coal regions as a man of honor and integrity, and not a whisper had ever been uttered against his moral character. He had married into one of the leading families of the region. Two or three years before he built Cartersvills he became acquainted with John McCauley, of Laneaster county. McCauley had a handsome and vivacious sixteen-year-old daughter. His reputation in business was not good, and he was a bankrupt. In spite of this Carter advanced him the capital to engage extensively in the iron ousiness in Luzerne county, an act which was not explained until three years later. The iron enterprise was a failure and Carter lost heavily brough McCauley. In the meantime Carter had become interested in the Lycoming county undertaking, the Red Run Coal Company having opened a rich coal mine there, and a valuable deposit of iron ore having been uncovered. Be-fore the work was completed McCauley died. He died penniless, but his daughter lived in a style that betokened the possession of means, and soon after her father's death entered a highly fashionable college in Wilmington, Del. Cartersville was ready to be occupied and the furnace to be lighted in the fall of 1857. Carter

went to Philadelphia on business connected

with his furnace in November, 1857, and the

blast was to be started on his return. He was

staying at a hotel on Chestnut street. One day while he was there he was joined in the reading room by a young man, a stranger to the hotel people. He and Carter sat down together and were soon engaged in a low but animated conversation. Suddenly the young man drew a pistol and fired three shots into Carter before the latter could rise from his chair. Carter fell to the floor mortally injured, and the stranger fired two more shots into his body as he lay dying. Carter was dead before he could be lifted from the floor. The murderer was arrested. He gave his name as Thomas Washington Smith. The developments that followed the tragedy were almost as great a shock to the coal regions and the extended community in which the murdered man was known as was the murder itself. It was revealed that Carter had supported Miss McCaule. both in and out of college, and it was charged that she was the price of his interest in her father. A few months before his murder he had in some way made the acquaintance of Thomas Washington Smith, who had moved in good society in Lancaster, and was connected with a Phila-delphia publishing house. Carter had introduced Smith to Miss McCaule, and the young man fell in love with the girl, and not long afterward married her. In a short time he made the discovery that his wife was soon to become a mother. He learned of her relations with Carter, and that he was the father of her child. Smith left his wife, and subsequently, meeting Cartel in Philadelphia, charged him with having deliberately deceived and disgraced him, and then fired his murderous shots.

The dwellings of Cartersville were never inhabited, nor the furnace ever lighted. The mines were abandoned, and all that remains of the village and furnace is a pile of crumbling.

overgrown ruins. The Green-Eyed Monster.

"Ah," remarked the young lawyer, with a blase air, as he waited for his case to be called. "I am so unfortunate in being compelled to wait here so long." "Not at all," said the old lawyer rising to

leave, "you are so fortunate in having the time to wait here so long." The young lawyer writhed and the old lawyer went to his office to complete his essay on "Professional Courtesy," in time for the next number

of the Legal Register. Tommy Had Been There.

"Now, Tommy," said the teacher, "if there are seven peaches on the table, and your little sister eats three and you eat four, what will be

"The stones," replied Tommy.